

From San Francisco:
Chiyo Maru, Sept. 17.
For San Francisco:
Matsonia, Sept. 22.
From Vancouver:
Makura, Oct. 7.
For Vancouver:
Niagara, Oct. 6.

Honolulu Star-Bulletin

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12 PAGES.—HONOLULU, TERRITORY OF HAWAII, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1914.—12 PAGES.

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Millions Fighting; No Advantage Yet Won Battle Of Aisne Continues; Germans Say Withdrawal Is Tactical

HONOLULU PORT OF REFUGE FOR MANY GERMAN VESSELS HURRYING FROM MARSHALLS

NURNBERG AND LEIPZIG REPORTED IN SOUTH SEAS

JALUIT IS GATHERING-PLACE FOR KAISER'S VESSELS—
TWO MORE MERCHANT STEAMERS, EVADING CAPTURE
AT TSINGTAU, REACH HONOLULU—MANY MORE EX-
PECTED HERE IN EFFORTS TO AVOID CAPTURE BY
BRITISH AND JAPANESE FOES.

Six German merchant vessels are now refugees in or off the port of Honolulu. The Loongmoon, an arrival last evening, and the Gouverneur Jaeschke, which appeared shortly after 9 this morning, are the latest to seek haven here. The Gouverneur Jaeschke sailed from Jaluit, Marshall islands, on September 3 and her arrival brings confirmation of the persistent rumors that Jaluit is being used as a hastily-adapted Pacific naval base by Germans, now that Tsingtau is blockaded. Repeated rumors that the German cruiser Leipzig was close by Honolulu when the Nurnberg last called here, and that the two have kept fairly close together in their voyage to the Marshalls, are given color by developments that follow the arrival of the German merchant steamers here. It is declared to be practically certain that the steamers arriving here have shifted considerable coal cargoes to the Nurnberg, the Leipzig, and perhaps other German warships at Jaluit or at sea.

Five German and converted commerce destroyers, two steam tankers of large fuel-carrying capacity, and 12 passenger and freight steamers—all bearing the German flag—were today declared to have made rendezvous in the Marshall islands.

These islands, part of Germany's possessions in the Pacific, and some 2000 miles south of Hawaii, have furnished an impromptu naval base and temporary haven for merchant vessels since the war broke out, according to rumors that come here and are confirmed as vessel after vessel under the German flag appears off Honolulu and makes for this port as refuge from possible British or Japanese cruisers.

More of these merchantment and supply steamers will soon ride at anchor off port if predictions from those who have recently arrived here in the vessels seeking refuge are to be believed.

The arrival last evening of the German cargo steamer Loongmoon, which for years has been trading along the China coast, has strengthened the general belief held by local shipping men that this vessel will be followed by the remainder of the non-combatant ships which are now known to have escaped from Tsingtau at the breaking out of hostilities between Germany and the allied powers. The Loongmoon is of the Hamburg-American line and hurried into the harbor about 6 o'clock last evening.

All are ordered to Honolulu. All German steamers leaving Tsingtau, the naval base on the China coast, now under bombardment, were ordered to steam for the Marshalls and then to attempt to reach Honolulu as a neutral port, the report says.

Jaluit, in the Marshall group of 33 large and small islands, is said to have been made a temporary base of supplies for the German cruisers, and fleet of transports and commerce destroyers. At this point there was stored more than 35,000 tons of coal at the time the Staatssekretar-Kratke and the Loongmoon steamed for Hawaii.

Between 10 and 12 days is required by the slower vessels in completing the passage to Honolulu.

The news brought to this city that a large fleet of German vessels will soon descend upon the port has been received with much concern by harbor officials. Providing berths for this amount of tonnage has assumed a problem of no mean proportions. It is possible that all of them will be required to take up an anchorage off the harbor. With the Prinz Walde-mar, Formosa, Seton and Staatssekretar-Kratke now berthed, all available space allotted for refugees is completely occupied.

All Can Coal in the Marshalls. Coal from Shanghai, Manila, and from ports in the Dutch East Indies is said to have been going into the Marshalls in a steady stream. At the time the Loongmoon was reported to have steamed from Tsingtau, three German freighters, each supplied with about 3000 tons of fuel, cleared from the Philippines for a secret destination. It was announced that these vessels were taking coal to consignees in the Celebes. Later the steamers were reported to have arrived at the Marshall islands.

It is no longer a secret at Honolulu

MONUMENTS

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JURY IS CHOSEN TO TRY JEFF McCARN TRIAL WILL COMMENCE IN MORNING

Following are the members of the jury which will try the case of District Attorney Jeff McCarn in the circuit court:
S. A. Baldwin.
Andrew L. Bushnell.
Charles H. Hustace.
Harry A. Franson.
William E. Heine.
Ernest K. Kaal.
William H. Stone.
John C. Evans.
Carl H. Nieper.
C. N. Marquez.
R. G. Moore.
Lewis H. Underwood.

Following the dismissal of but four members by peremptory challenge, and the drawing of a like number of others, all of whom were passed for cause by both the prosecution and the defense, the jury which will try the case of District Attorney Jeff McCarn before Judge William L. Whitney in the circuit court, was completed shortly after 11 o'clock this morning, summarily sworn and given preliminary instructions by the court.

The taking of evidence in the case will commence at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning and the hours of the trial have been set from 9 until 12:30 o'clock each week day until completed.

The entire three peremptory challenges were used by the defense, Clifford Spitzer, Samuel F. Nott and F. E. Steers being excused; Samuel A. Baldwin, William H. Stone and Harry A. Franson were drawn to fill their places in the jury box. R. L. Anderson was excused by the prosecution and Lewis H. Underwood drawn. The defense and prosecution both dealt sparingly with their examination of the new jurymen. Two peremptory challenges were waived by the prosecution.

Except in one instance, the prosecution's examination for cause of those jurymen who were not questioned yesterday morning was brief, but from three to four minutes being consumed on each occasion. The examinations

by Attorney Lightfoot, one of the counsel for the defense, were lengthy. Attorney Lightfoot shifted to some extent the tactics which he employed yesterday when he examined Ernest K. Kaal.

"Have you any prejudice against Mr. McCarn," he asked Mr. Kaal, "by reason of any false statements to the effect that Mr. McCarn had expressed a prejudice against the Hawaiians? Even if Mr. McCarn made statements as being adverse to the Hawaiians as a race?"

Mr. Kaal did not answer at once. Mr. Lightfoot then asked him if he had read or heard any such statements. The jurymen answered that he did not remember.

"Did you ever hear that matter discussed?" asked Attorney Lightfoot.

Mr. Kaal answered in the negative. "If some one were to come to you and tell you that Mr. McCarn was prejudiced against the Hawaiians, would that affect your judgment?" urged the attorney.

"I don't think so," answered Mr. Kaal.

"Have you any doubt?"

"You have doubt, then?" questioned the attorney.

"I do not know how to answer that question," replied the jurymen. "If I thought it was true, it might."

"If you had no knowledge that it were true, and had only been told that it were true, would it make any difference?" asked Mr. Lightfoot.

City and County Attorney J. W. Cathcart objected at this point.

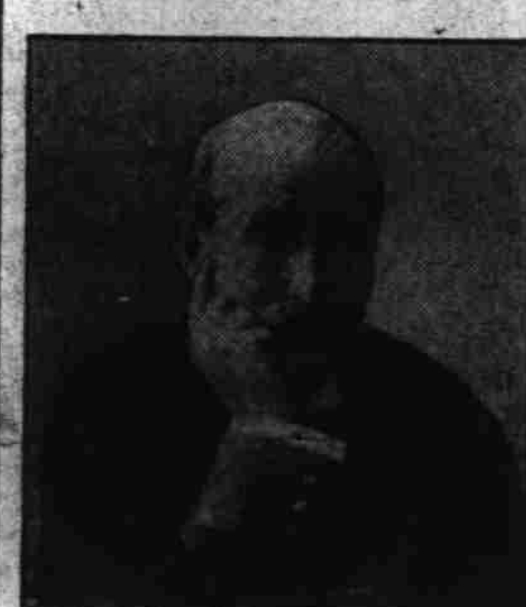
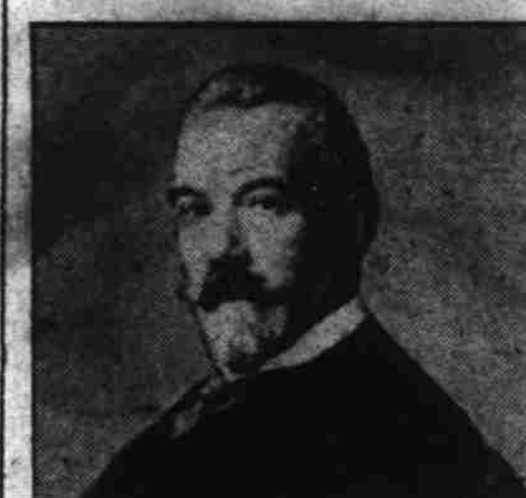
"If Mr. Kaal is sworn as a juror in this case, he would not allow any person to approach him in that way," said Mr. Cathcart. "Council has said that the statements if there be any, are false."

"Even if the jurymen are sworn in, there are one or two important people in this town who would not hesitate in going to the jurors and endeavoring to prejudice Mr. McCarn," exclaimed Lightfoot.

"No one has attempted to injure Mr. McCarn that I know of," retorted Mr. Cathcart.

Mr. Lightfoot had no more to say to Mr. Kaal and passed him for cause.

DIRECTORS IN THE GAME OF WAR NOW PLAYED IN EUROPE



Genl. Putnik (above), Serbian chief of staff; M. Sazanoff (in center), Russian minister of foreign affairs, and Sir Arthur Nicolson (below), under-secretary for foreign affairs for Great Britain.

APOLOGY MADE FOR GARDEN'S U. S. CRITICISM

[Associated Press by Fed. Wireless.]
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 17.—The British ambassador, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, today formally expressed his regret at the publication of the interview in a New York paper yesterday attributing to Sir Lionel Corden, former British envoy to Mexico, statements reflecting on America's policy in Mexico. Sir Lionel was reported to have criticized the withdrawal of American troops from Mexico and Carranza's policy since taking office in Mexico City.

CONGRESS VOTES THANKS TO THE CANAL BUILDERS

[By Latest Mail.]
WASHINGTON.—The bill extending the thanks of Congress to the builders of the Panama canal and authorizing the promotion of Colonel George W. Goethals, chairman of the commission, and Brigadier-General William C. Gorgas, surgeon general of the army, and heads of the canal zone, sanitation forces, to be major-generals on their retirement, passed the House and has gone to the Senate. The other officers named are Colonel L. F. Hodges, Lieutenant-Colonel William L. Siebert and Commander H. H. Rousseau. Each would be advanced one grade on retirement in recognition of their services in the canal zone.

SUGAR DROPS TO 5.90

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 17.—Sugar, 96 degrees test, 5.90. Previous quotation, 6.02.

CONKLING HAS PAINFUL FALL

Private advice from New York reports David Lloyd Conkling, treasurer of the Territory of Hawaii, as having been unfortunate enough to fall down a subway stair and break open an old injury. He will be in the hospital for a few days.

THIRD DAY OF CONFLICT SEES LITTLE CHANGE, AND RAINS SLOW UP ARMY MOVES

ITALY APPEARS ON VERGE OF GETTING INTO FIGHT

BELIEVED POPULAR PRESSURE WILL SOON MAKE GOVERNMENT UNABLE TO STAY NEUTRAL—RUSSIA INTIMATES ITALIANS SHOULD SHOW MORE ACTIVITY IF HOPE TO REGAIN TRENTO AND TRIESTE—AUSTRIA SUMMONS HER LAST RESERVES.

[Associated Press Service by Federal Wireless.]
LONDON, England, Sept. 17.—The third day of the great and crucial Battle of Aisne finds three million men locked in death-grips and battling with unprecedented fatalities along a battle line extending from Noyons to Nancy. The line is 150 miles long.

Each side claims a slight advantage but no more.

Heavy rains, which have been falling for many hours, have rendered fields and roads in many cases almost impassable, greatly hampering the movements of cavalry forces. In a number of instances the artillery, particularly the heavy guns, have been stalled in the deep mire and could not be brought into commanding positions.

German Says Withdrawal Was Tactical

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 17.—A statement issued from the German embassy here today, after receipt of advices from Berlin, says that the withdrawal of the German left wing army was a tactical maneuver, which does not affect the strategical situation. It is denied that the retirement was made in disorder and reports of heavy German losses in the retreat are scouted.

Pressure In Italy To Join Allies

ROME, Italy, Sept. 17.—The uneasiness and restlessness of the Italians, both civil and military, are increasing.

Secret mobilization of the troops is everywhere rumored.

It is now believed that popular pressure will soon make the government unable to maintain neutrality, public opinion clamoring for Italy to make some move against Austria.

The situation has been rendered more acute by intimations from Russia, coming through diplomatic channels, that if Italy hopes ever to regain Austria Trent and Trieste, her neutrality now is not a sufficient purchase price. Russia's attitude indicates that unless Italy lines up actively with the Allies, when the map of Europe is remade Italy will not get the territory she is so anxious to call her own again.

Changes in German Commands

BERLIN, Germany, Sept. 17.—According to official announcement, General Von Eichen will replace General Von Hausen, aged 68, commanding the second army. Von Hausen being reported sick. Quartermaster General Von Stein replaces General Von Schubert, commanding the fourteenth reserve corps.

German Cities Being Strengthened

LONDON, England, Sept. 17.—A special despatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Maestricht, capital of the province of Limburg, Netherlands, says that the Germans are strengthening their cities of Cologne, Dusseldorf, Wesel and Duisberg with additional fortifications.

Last Austrian Reserves Summoned

VIENNA, Austria, Sept. 17.—Emperor Franz Josef has summoned Austria's last reserves. Huge numbers of wounded soldiers are arriving here daily from the scene of battle against Russians and Servians.

Paris Says Situation Little Changed

PARIS, France, Sept. 17.—Official announcement today says: "On our left the enemy continues resistance despite the fact that they have given way slightly at some points. The center is unchanged. The enemy there continues to fortify the lines already chosen."

Austrian Situation Is Quieter

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 17.—The war situation in Prussia, Austria and Serbia is temporarily quiescent today, no battles or important maneuvers being reported to Washington. GERMANS REPORTED IN PRECARIOUS POSITION

LONDON, Eng., Sept. 17.—No official report was received last night regarding the operations in France, but despatches to the Daily News from Paris say that in the latest phase of the operations the allied armies have succeeded in encircling the German right and that the latter is in another precarious situation.

(ADDITIONAL CABLE NEWS ON PAGE TWO)